











What will be covered?

- and to hold in mind.
- Differences between trauma Reflective questions and informed and non trauma informed supervision.
- How supervision fits in and represents wider organisational culture.
- Values and principles of trauma-informed practice applied to supervision.

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- Some things to be mindful of
 Some benefits and reasons why supervision is important.
 - activities around supervision.
 - enhancing supervision
 - Contracting and planning for supervision
 - Playfulness and creativity in supervision
 - . Online- staying engaged.



"We do not learn from experience... we learn from reflecting on experience." John Dewey

Trauma-informed supervision

What do you think makes traumainformed supervision different to other types of supervision? What would this look and feel like?

Collage/ list/ sculpt/ word cloud etc.

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Trauma

- Trauma, adversity, and attachment including neuroscience, sensory processing, multi-sensory, emotional regulation.
- Survival & coping modes- individually and organizationally.
- Mirroring and parallel patterns including organisational and team dynamics.
- Values and principles. Model the model.
- Complexity of the role including exposing material, interpersonal areas, social justice, boundaries, moral and ethical dilemmas and much more..

DIFFERENT TYPES OF TRAUMA & SOME OF THE INTERPLAYING FACTORS AROUND THE IMPACT & CONSEQUENCES DR. WAREN TREISMAN PSYCHOLOGI 517

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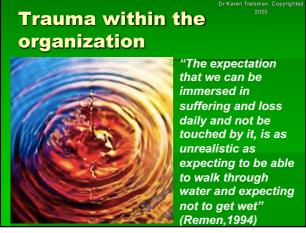
It is not just about adverse childhood experiences, but also about adverse community experiences, adverse cultural experiences, & adverse organisational experiences
- David Labby

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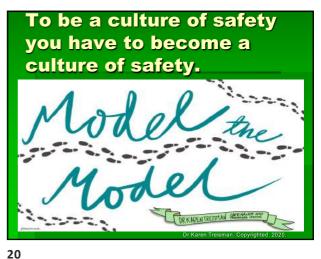
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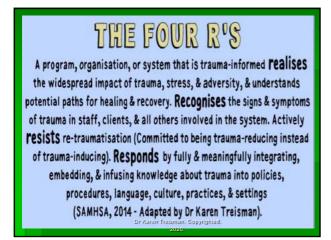


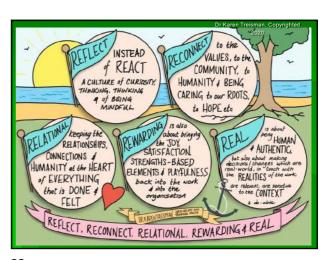


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Some benefits & needs Protective factor. Retention & satisfaction. Strengthens ties to the organisation. Decision making and safety. Reflect instead of react. Pause. Development/ learning/growth culture. Process and make sense. Have something to anchor on to. Not feel alone- TAW.



Reflecting on supervision

- What would you want your supervisees to say if they were to describe you and your supervision? (3 words) and vice averse.
- How would you want them to feel post supervision? (3 words)
- What type of supervisors do you want them to become? (treat people how you want to teach them/ lead by example).

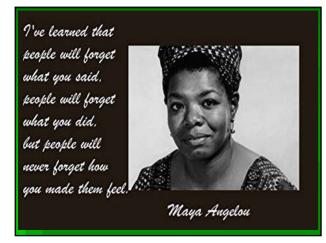
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Reflecting on supervision

- Thinking back to your own experiences of "supervision"- what would you say were some of the BEST examples? What made this helpful and memorable to you?
- Thinking back to your own experiences of "supervision"- what would you say was some of the WORST examples? Backwards thought shower...

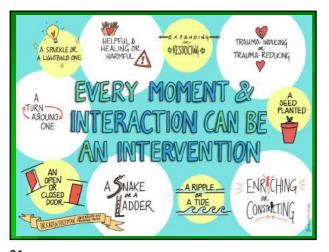


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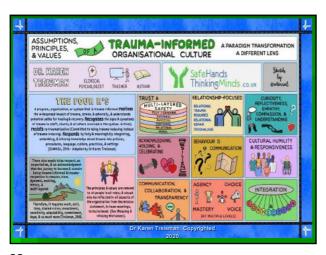


Trauma-informed Supervision

- What do you think are some of the key qualities, values, ingredients, & purposes of supervision?
- How do the values and principles of traumainformed practice relate to supervision?

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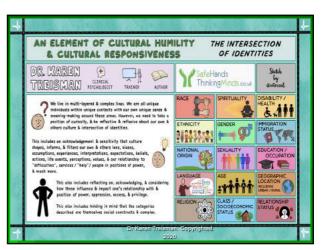
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•What are some of your top tips for high-quality supervision? (of course varies depending on type and context).

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REFLECTION QUESTIONS

- How do I acknowledge, honor, explore and reflect on the areas of difference and similarities in the work and in the supervision?
- How do I feel about discussing these? Hopes and fears?
- How might my own lens, experiences, and biases influence this relationship? Including memory bank.
- What am I missing/need to know?
- What about me/them/us facilitate or impact interactions in supervision?
- What I might represent to that person?

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Reflective questions for contract and planning

- What is your optimum learning and processing style?
- What are your needs, preferences, aims, hopes, wishes, worries, fears, and apprehensions about and for supervision, for the work, and for your role?
- What are aspects of your identity and life experiences which are important for the supervisor to hold in mind and vice averse? (of course, those which the person is comfortable to share. See chapter on cultural humility 9).
- What expectations are there, of the supervisor about the supervisee, and the supervisee about the supervisor? What are some of your commitments to supervision? What do you need from each other? How will supervision work and what will it look like?

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Reflective questions for contract and planning

- What are your passions, interest areas, motivators, driving values, ambitions, strengths, skills, resources, and so forth? Who inspires you? What matters to you? What supports you? What is important to you? What are you hoping for from this job/space?
- What has been your experience of supervision in the past? What was helpful and unhelpful about these experiences? What specific skills, qualities, contributions, or events did you find helpful and unhelpful in these supervision experiences? What would you like to be different/similar?
- How, if any, has supervision contributed to your practice and way of working? How have your supervision needs and wants changed over time? What do you feel you need/want now?

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Reflective questions for contract and planning

- How will we jointly and openly check, voice, and feedback on whether supervision is happening in a helpful way? What will we do if there are conflicts or if it is not helpful?
- How will we be mindful and reflect on differences and similarities? How are we going to hold in mind issues of power within the work and within the supervisor-supervisee relationship? (see chapter 9) How will we be mindful of parallel and mirroring processes?
- What supports you to feel safe, supported, listened to, regulated, and so forth?
 What does this mean and look like to you? (This might include thinking about cultural, moral, psychological, and physical safety and trust).
- Are there things I (supervisor) need to look out for around your wellbeing? How will I know if things are feeling too much, difficult, or when you would benefit from some more support? In these times, what is most helpful and supportive to you? (it might also be helpful to go through the wellbeing plan on chapter 15). This might also include conversations about triggers, hotspots etc.

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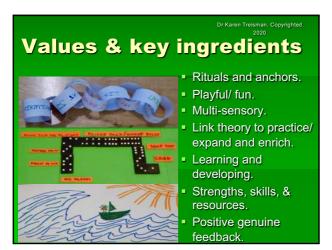
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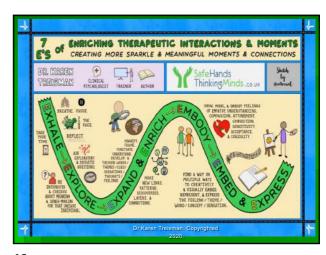
Reflective questions for contract and planning

- What are other support options which you can utilise outside of supervision? (holding in mind professional boundaries and supervision not being a replacement for therapy).
- A helpful activity to support the above, is to use reverse "brain-storming/ thought-showering". For example, "What would the worst supervision ever be and look like?", "What could we do to make supervision super unhelpful/ a waste of time/ stressful/ trauma-inducing?" and then to the other way around.
- What is your understanding of the values and principles of traumainformed practice? It may be helpful for us to go through these, and think about what they mean to you and us, which jar, which resonate, which you would

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Some other activities

 Miniature to represent how to feel.

- Cards decks.
- Where in body.
- Tree of life.
- Eyes and shoes.

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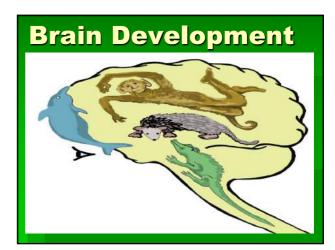


Values & key ingredients

 Super vision.
 Model the model (Treisman, 2016).
 Treat someone what you want to teach them.
 Contained, calm, regulating.
 Set the emotional

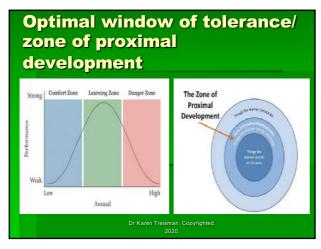
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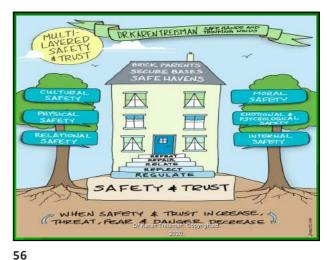




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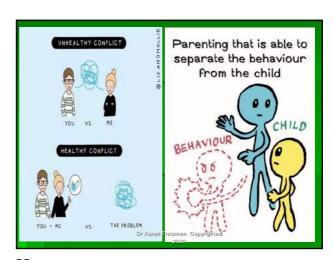
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